

# भारतीय राष्टीय राजमार्ग प्राधिकरण (सडक परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार) National Highways Authority of India (Ministry of Road Transport and Highways, Government of India) श्रेत्रीय कार्यालय : 41-29-45A, सर्वे नं: 373/2A, कोदंडरामालयम्, चलसानी नगर, रानीगारीतोटा, कृष्णालंका, विजयावाडा - 520 013, आन्ध्र प्रदेश

Regional Office : D.No. 41-29-45A, RS.No. : 373/2A, Kodandaramalayam, Chalasani Nagar, Ranigari Thota, Krishna Lanka, Vijayawada - 520 013, Andhra Pradesh. फोन / Tel : 0866-2483910, ई-मैल/e-mail: rovijayawada@nhai.org, nhairovja@gmail.com वेब/ web: www.nhai.gov.in

March 27, 2023.

# Ref: NHAI/RO-VJA/IOCL/NH-16/682+980/2022-23/1215

## INVITATION OF PUBLIC COMMENTS

RO - Vijayawada - NH Permission for laying of 8.625" diameter Natural Gas pipe line Sub: (Carbon Steel, API 5L Gr X52) along with Optical Fibre Cable (OFC) for city Gas distribution to Vizag on NH-16 between Km.682+980 to Km.699+500 LHS and Km 713.530 to Km 713.384 and also crossing at Km 713.384 totalling to a length of 16726 mts. in Visakhapatnam district in the State of Andhra Pradesh - Public comments - Reg.

The Project Director, PIU - Visakhapatnam submitted a proposal of M/s. Indian Oil Corporation Limited along NH-16 for laying of 8.625" diameter Natural Gas pipe line (Carbon Steel, API 5L Gr X52) along with Optical Fibre Cable (OFC) for city Gas distribution to Vizag on NH-16 between Km.682+980 to Km.699+500 LHS and Km 713.530 to Km 713.384 and also crossing at Km 713.384 totalling to a length of 16726 mts. in Visakhapatnam district in the State of Andhra Pradesh.

As per MORTH guidelines vide letter No. RW/NH-33044/29/2015/S&R® dated 22<sup>nd</sup> November 2016, the Highway Administration will put out the application in the Ministry's website for 30 days seeking claims and objections (on grounds of public inconvenience, safety and general public interest).

In view of the above, the comments of public, if any, on the above-mentioned proposal is invited on below mentioned address.

> Regional Officer - Vijayawada, National Highways Authority of India, Regional Office, Dr. No.41-29-45A, R. S. No.373/2A Near Kodandaramalayam, Chalasani Nagar, Ranigarithota, Krishnalanka, Vijayawada - 520 013. Email: rovijayawada@nhai.org

(R.K. Singh), Regional Officer RO - Vijayawada

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То

# भारतीय राष्ट्रीय राजमार्ग प्राधिकरण (सड़क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय भारत सरकार)

National Highways Authority of India (Ministry of Road Transport and Highways, Government of India) परियोजना कार्यलयन इकाई (जि वयू), भा.रा.रा.पा.एल्कलेव, कि.मी. 2/8 रा.रा.-16 हनुमन्तवाका, विशाखपट्टणम - 530 040, ए.पि., भारत Project Implementation Unit (GQ), NHAI Enclave, KM 2/8 NH-16 Hanumanthavaka, Visakhapatnam - 530 040, A.P., India फोन / Tel: 0891-2707600, 2714119 ई-मेइल/ E-mail: vis@nhai.org. nhaipiuvsp@gmail.com, वेज: www.nhai.go



ई-मेइल/ E-mail : vis@nhai.org, nhaipiuvsp@gmail.com, वेव : www.nhai.gov.in

NHAI-PIU-VSP/IOCL-8.625"Gas Pipe line & OFC/2022-23/ 135

1353

Date: 27.01.2023

The Regional officer, National Highways Authority of India, Regional Office, Gurunanak Nagar, Teachers Colony,

- Sub: NHAI, PIU Visakhapatnam: NH permission for issue of NOC for laying of 8.625" Natural Gas Pipeline along with Optical Fibre Cable for City Gas Distribution of Vizag along NH-16 between KM Stone 682 and 700 (From 682/980 km to 699/500 Km) and from Km 713.530 to 713.384 & also crossing at Km 713.384.through HDD methodology Visakhapatnam District, Andhra Pradesh State -Compliance to the observations-Reg.
- Ref: 1) M/S IOCL Letter No. PJ-CGD/VIZAG/008,dated: 22.08.2022. received on 08.09.2022.
  2) NHAI/PIU-VSP/IOCL-713.384/2022-23/1007,Dt:26.11.2022.
  3)NHAI/RO-VJA/11045/IOCL-8.625"/2022-23/4241,Dt:28.12.2022 received on 02.01.2023.

## Sir,

Vide above reference.03 cited above, RO Vijayawada has made certain observations on the subject proposal for the Permission for 8.625" Natural Gas Pipeline along with Optical Fibre Cable for City Gas Distribution of Vizag along NH-16 from 682.980 km to 699.500 Km and from Km 713.530 to 713.384 & also crossing at Km 713.384 through HDD methodology Visakhapatnam District, Andhra Pradesh State

S.no	RO Observations	PIU Compliance
1,	Annexure-1,3,4,8 & 9 as per clauses 1.11,2.1, 2.2 and 13 of check list is not enclosed.	Noted, The same has enclosed.
2.	Company resolution for power of Attorney is not enclosed.	Along with the proposal it is already enclosed, However, the same is again here with enclosed, for ready reference.

The observations and compliances are tabulated below:

3.	Performance Bank Guarantee should be for Rs.16,72,600/- instead of Rs.16,71,000/	Noted, The modified calculation sheet is here with enclosed.
4.	Concessionaire consent for laying of water pipe line is not enclosed.	For BOT/HAM/OMT/TOT consent is required. The proposal is in "CITY LIMITS" of NH-16 which is under routine operation and maintenance contract. So consent for this proposal is not necessary.

In view of the above, the proposal submitted by M/s IOCL for laying pipe line along National Highway-16 from 682.980 km to 699.500 Km and from Km 713.530 to 713.384 & also crossing at Km 713.384 in Visakhapatnam, Visakhapatnam District, in the state of Andhra Pradesh is herewith submitted duly complying the observations made by RO Vijayawada for approval of Competent Authority.

Yours faithfully, [P. Siva Sankar] G.M (T) & Project Diretor,

Encl: Proposal in two sets (01 Original + 01 Duplicate)







Regional Office : D.No. 41-29-45A, RS.No. : 373/2A, Kodandaramalayam, Chalasani Nagar, Ranigari Thota, Krishna Lanka, Vijayawada - 520 013, Andhra Pradesh. फोन / Tel : 0866-2483910, ई-मैल/e-mail: rovijayawada@nhai.org, nhairovja@gmail.com वेब/ web: www.nhai.gov.in

Ref: NHAI/RO-VJA/11045/ IOCL-8.625"/2022-23/ 4241



The Project Director, National Highways Authority of India, Project Implementation Unit, Visakhapatnam.



RO - Vijayawada - NH Permission for laying of 8.625" diameter Natural Gas pipe line Sub: (Carbon Steel, API 5L Gr X52) along with Optical Fibre Cable (OFC) for city Gas distribution to Vizag on NH-16 between Km.682+980 to Km.699+500 LHS and Km 713.530 to Km 713.384 and also crossing at Km 713.384 totalling to a length of 16726 mt in Visakhapatnam district in the State of Andhra Pradesh - Issuing NOC - Reg.

Your Lr. No.NHAI/PIU-VSP/IOCL-713.384/2022-23/1007 Dated 26.11.2022 Ref:

Sir,

Please refer to your letter cited under reference above, wherein the proposal of M/s. Indian Oil Corporation Limited (IOCL) for laying of 8.625" diameter Natural Gas pipe line (Carbon Steel, AP! 5L Gr X52) along with Optical Fibre Cable (OFC) for city Gas distribution to Vizag on NH-16 between Km.682+980 to Km.699+500 LHS and Km 713.530 to Km 713.384 (RHS) and also crossing at Km 713.384 totalling to a length of 16726 mt in Visakhapatnam district in the State of Andhra Pradesh was submitted for approval of the Competent Authority.

The proposal has been examined and it is observed that the following documents are not 2. enclosed with the proposal which are required for processing the proposal:

- Annexure-I, Annexure-3, Annexure 4, Annexure 8 & 9 as per clauses 1.11, 2.1, 2.2 and 2.1 13 of checklist.
- Company resolution for issuing Power of Attorney. 2.2
- Performance Bank Guarantee should be for Rs.16,72,600/- instead of Rs.16,71,000/-. 2.3

PIU	V§R	Concessionaire consent for the proposal.
DGM (T)		In view of the above, it is requested to submit the above documents for taking further
Dy_M (T)	necessa	ary action. Yours faithfully,
'S(MLN)	-	(R. K. Singh),
PA(RVG)	and the second state of th	Regional Officer, RO - Vijayawada
ACCTS		RU - VIJayawada
SE-1		
SE-2		R: J. 1980
SE-3	f:\ro corresp	ondence/hoc/wsp/act ofc optical/iocl 8.625 natural gas pipeline 682+980 - 699+500, 713+530 - 713,384.docx

प्रधान कार्यालय: जी-5 एवं 6, सेक्टर-10, द्वारका, नई दिल्ली-110075 🔤 दूरभाष 🗥 91-1125074100/ 25074200 🗅 वेबसाइट : http://www.nhai.gov.in Corporate Office : G-5 & 6, Sector-10, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075 Phone : 91-1125074100/ 25074200 Website : http://www.nhai.gov.in

	CHECK LIST
Guideli	nes for processing the proposal for laying Natural Gas pipeline in the land across National
Highwa	y vested with NHAI
Releva	nt circulars
1.	Ministry circular No. NH-41(58)/68 dated 31-01-1969
2.	Ministry circular No. NH-III/P/66/76 dated 18-11-1976
3.	Ministry circular No. RW-NJ-III/P/66/76 dated 01-05-1982
4.	Ministry circular No. RW/NH-11037/1/86-DOI(II) dated 28-07-1993
5.	Ministry circular No. RW/NH-11037/1/86-DOI dated 19-01-1995
6.	Ministry Circular No.RW/NH-34066/2/95/S&R dated 25-10-1999
7.	Ministry Circular No.RW/NH-34066/7/2003 S&R (B) dated 17-09-2003
8.	Ministry Circular No.RW/NH-33044/29/2015/S&R(R) dated 22.11.2016
9.	Memorandum of Understanding Between IOCL and NHAI, dated: 08.06.2022

## Checklist for getting approval for laying of 8.625" OD Natural Gas pipeline on NH land

S.No.	Item	Information/Status	Remarks
1	General Information		
1.1	Name and address of the Applicant/Agency	Indian Oil Corporation Limited (Pipelines Division)	
	Application Agency	Paradip-Hyderabad Pipeline Project,	
		4 <sup>th</sup> Floor, LIC Annexe Building,	
		Thikkanna (Diamond Park) Road, Near	
		RTC Complex, Visakhapatnam-530004	
1.2	National Highway Number	NH-16	
1.2	State	Andhra Pradesh	
1.4	Location	Anandapuram Jn. To Visakha valley road	
4.7		And NSTL area	
1.5	(Chainage in km)	KM 682/980 to KM 699/500 and	
	(	KM 713+530 to 713+384 & crossing	b
		at 713+384	
1.6	Length in Kilometres	16726 meters	
1.7	Width of available ROW	45 - 60 Mts	
	(a) Left side from centre line	24 - 30 Mts	
	towards increasing chainage/km direction	<i></i>	
	(b) Right side from centre line	21 - 30 Mts	
	towards increasing chainage/km direction		
1.8	Proposal to lay underground petroleum		
	pipeline for supply of petroleum		
	products		
	<ul> <li>(a) Left side from centre line towards increasing chainage/km direction</li> </ul>	KM 682/980 to KM 699/500	
	(i) Right side from centre line	KM 713+530 to 713+384	
	towards increasing chainage/km direction	NUT IS ISSO TO TISTER MANT MANI	

Along NH-16 application of IOCL –City Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" OD Sider Project Location: Along NH-16 Between Km 682,980, 4599,500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District Vizagine Project Of Project of India

PHU. VIGAKHAPATNAM

Page 1 of 8

1.9	Proposal to acquire land		
	(a) Left side from center line	N.A	
	(b) Right side from center line	N.A	
1.10	Whether proposal is in the same side	Yes	
_	where land is not to be acquired		
	if not then where to lay the cable.	At the edge of available ROW	
1.11	Details of already laid services, if any	Attached.	Annex-2
	along the proposed route		
1.12	Number of existing lanes (2/4/6/8 lanes).	4 lanes	
1.13	Proposed number of lanes (2 lane with	4 lane	
	paved shoulders/4/6/8 lanes).		
1.14	Service road existing or not	Details attached where service road is available	
	If yes then which side	Both sides	-
	(a) Left side from center line	KM 686/012 to KM 686/400,	
		KM 691/304 to KM 694/630,	
	(b) Right side from center line	KM 686/012 to KM 686/400,	
		KM 691/367 to KM 694/630	
1.15	Proposed service road		
	(a) Left side from center line	N.A	
	(c) Right side from center line	N.A	
1.16	Whether proposal to lay the petroleum	N.A	
	pipeline is after the service road or		
	between the service road and main		
	carriageway		
1.17	Whether carrying of sewage/gas pipeline	No pipeline is proposed on bridges.	
	has been proposed on highway Bridges.		
	If yes, then mention the methodology		
	proposed for the same.		
1.18	Whether carrying of sewage/gas pipeline	No pipeline is proposed on parapet/any	
	has been proposed on the parapet/ any	part of bridge.	
	part of the bridges.		
	If Yes, then mention the methodology		
	proposed for the same.		
1.19	If crossings of the road involved	Yes, HDD Method. HDD is latest	
	If yes, it shall be either encased in pipes	trenchless method without casing. It is	
	or through structure or conduits specially	safest and has no impact on	
	built for the purpose at the expenses of	surroundings. This method is being	
	the agency owing the line	implemented for crossings of NH/NHAI	1
		by pipelines all over the country. It has	
		long life compared to cased crossing	
		and is more reliable.	
	(a) Whether existing drainage	No	
	structures are allowed to carry		
_	petroleum pipeline		
	(b) It is on a line normal to NH	Yes	
	(c) What is the distance of crossing	Complied	
	the petroleum pipelines from the		
	existing structures.		
	Crossings shall not be too near	X	
	the existing structures on the	1	MANI
	National Highway, minimum	1 PANI	Hannes (Carl)

Along NH-16 application of IOCL –City Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" OD Steel Pipeline Location: Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam Distribution Page 2 of 8 National Highways Authority of India

Docum the pro Cross s for ope	The casing/conduit pipe shall be installed with an even bearing throughout its length and in such a manner as to prevent the formation of a waterway along it. hent/Drawings to be enclosed with oposal section showing the size of trench en trenching method ormal size of 1.65m deep *0.5m Should not be greater than 60cm wider than the outer diameter of the pipe Located as close to the extreme	NA Yes, Upon trenching cross section drawing attached.	Annex-3
Docum the pro Cross s for ope (Is it no wide) i.	installed with an even bearing throughout its length and in such a manner as to prevent the formation of a waterway along it. pent/Drawings to be enclosed with oposal section showing the size of trench en trenching method ormal size of 1.65m deep *0.5m Should not be greater than 60cm wider than the outer diameter of the pipe	Yes, Upon trenching cross section	Annex-3
Docum the pro Cross s for ope (Is it no wide)	installed with an even bearing throughout its length and in such a manner as to prevent the formation of a waterway along it. bent/Drawings to be enclosed with oposal section showing the size of trench en trenching method ormal size of 1.65m deep *0.5m Should not be greater than 60cm wider than the outer diameter of	Yes, Upon trenching cross section	Annex-5
Docum the pro Cross s for ope (Is it no wide)	installed with an even bearing throughout its length and in such a manner as to prevent the formation of a waterway along it. pent/Drawings to be enclosed with oposal section showing the size of trench en trenching method ormal size of 1.65m deep *0.5m Should not be greater than 60cm	Yes, Upon trenching cross section	Annex-3
Docum the pro Cross s for ope (Is it no wide)	installed with an even bearing throughout its length and in such a manner as to prevent the formation of a waterway along it. ment/Drawings to be enclosed with oposal section showing the size of trench en trenching method ormal size of 1.65m deep *0.5m	Yes, Upon trenching cross section	Annex-3
Docum the pro Cross s for ope (Is it no	installed with an even bearing throughout its length and in such a manner as to prevent the formation of a waterway along it. ment/Drawings to be enclosed with oposal section showing the size of trench en trenching method	Yes, Upon trenching cross section	Annex-3
Docum the pro Cross s for ope	installed with an even bearing throughout its length and in such a manner as to prevent the formation of a waterway along it. ment/Drawings to be enclosed with oposal section showing the size of trench en trenching method	Yes, Upon trenching cross section	Annex-3
Docum the pro Cross s	installed with an even bearing throughout its length and in such a manner as to prevent the formation of a waterway along it. hent/Drawings to be enclosed with oposal section showing the size of trench	Yes, Upon trenching cross section	Annex-3
Docum the pro	installed with an even bearing throughout its length and in such a manner as to prevent the formation of a waterway along it. nent/Drawings to be enclosed with oposal		
Docum	installed with an even bearing throughout its length and in such a manner as to prevent the formation of a waterway along it. ment/Drawings to be enclosed with	NA	
	installed with an even bearing throughout its length and in such a manner as to prevent the formation of a waterway along it.	NA	
(i)	installed with an even bearing throughout its length and in such a manner as to prevent the	NA	
(i)	installed with an even bearing	NA	
(i)	installed with an even bearing	NA	
(i)	The casing/conduit pipe shall be	NA	
1	bituminous concrete type.		1
	cement concrete or dense	reliable.	
	existing road pavement is of	compared to cased crossing and is more	
	Technology), specially, where the	over the country. It has long life	
	method (HDD) (Trenchless	crossings of NH/NHAI by pipelines all	
	Crossings shall be by boring	method is being implemented for	
	pipe line.	and has no impact on surroundings. This	
	for the proposed Sewage/gas	without the need for casing). It is safest	
	proposed for crossings of road	Method (which is trenchless method	
(h)	Mention the methodology	Pipeline crossing will be done by HDD	Annex-5
	Mention the proposed details.		
	m below the drain inverts.		
	road subject to being at least 0.3		
	meters below the surface of the		
	pipe should be at least 1.2		
(g)		NA	
	in the fills.		
	to drain in cuts and toe of slope		
	as minimum extend from drain	~	
(f)		NA	
	path.		
	that it does not act as a drainage		
	be sealed from the outside, so		3
(e)	Ends of casing /conduit pipe shall	NA	
	Mention type of casing.		
	pipe/cable.		
	withdrawal of the carrier		
	large enough to permit ready		
	have adequate strength and be		
	reinforced cement concrete and		
	be of steel, cast iron, or		
	carrying the petroleum line shall		
	in the case of electric cable)		
(d)	The casing pipe(or conduit pipe	NA	
	(d) (e) (f)	<ul> <li>carrying the petroleum line shall be of steel, cast iron, or reinforced cement concrete and have adequate strength and be large enough to permit ready withdrawal of the carrier pipe/cable. Mention type of casing.</li> <li>(e) Ends of casing /conduit pipe shall be sealed from the outside, so that it does not act as a drainage path.</li> <li>(f) The casing/conduit pipe should, as minimum extend from drain to drain in cuts and toe of slope in the fills.</li> <li>(g) The top of the casing/conduit pipe should be at least 1.2 meters below the surface of the road subject to being at least 0.3 m below the drain inverts. Mention the proposed details.</li> <li>(h) Mention the methodology proposed for crossings of road for the proposed Sewage/gas pipe line. Crossings shall be by boring method (HDD) (Trenchless Technology), specially, where the existing road pavement is of cement concrete or dense</li> </ul>	(d) The casing pipe(or conduit pipe in the case of electric cable) carrying the petroleum line shall be of steel, cast iron, or reinforced cement concrete and have adequate strength and be large enough to permit ready withdrawal of the carrier pipe/cable. Mention type of casing.       NA         (e) Ends of casing /conduit pipe shall be sealed from the outside, so that it does not act as a drainage path.       NA         (f) The casing/conduit pipe should, as minimum extend from drain to drain in cuts and toe of slope in the fills.       NA         (g) The top of the casing/conduit pipe should be at least 1.2 meters below the surface of the road subject to being at least 0.3 m below the drain inverts. Mention the methodology proposed for crossings of road for the proposed Sewage/gas pipe line.       NA         (h) Mention the methodology proposed for crossings of road for the proposed Sewage/gas pipe line.       Pipeline crossing will be done by HDD Method (which is trenchless method without the need for casing). It is safest and has no impact on surroundings. This method is being implemented for crossings of NH/NHAI by pipelines all over the country. It has long life compared to cased crossing and is more reliable.

Project Creation: Along NH-16 application of IOCL –City Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" GD Steel Pipeline City Project of 8 Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District Gas Distribution Project of 8 Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District Gas Distribution Project of 8 Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District Gas Distribution Project of 8 Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District Gas Distribution Project of 8 Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along NH-16 District Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" Along Along NH

	edge of the right of way as possible but not less than 15m from the centre lines of the		
	nearest carriageway iii. Shall not be permitted to run along the National Highways when the road formation is situated in double cutting. Nor shall be laid over the existing culverts and bridges.		
	iv. These should be so laid that their top is least 0.6m below the ground level so as not to obstruct drainage of the road land.		
2.2	Cross section showing the size of pit and location of pipeline for HDD method	Yes, Enclosed	Annex-4
2.3	Strip plan/Route plan showing the Gas pipe line, chainage, width of ROW, distance of proposed pipe line from the edge of ROW, important mile stone, intersections, cross drainage works etc.	Strip Plan showing all the details is attached.	Annex-2
2.4	Methodology for lying of the petroleum pipe line.	Yes, Enclosed.	Annex-6
2.4.1	Open trenching method. (May be allowed in the petroleum corridor only where pavement is neither cement concrete nor dense bituminous concrete type. If yes, what is the methodology of refilling of trench?	Yes, Backfilling shall be done with granules material. Compaction shall be done in layers of 15cm each. The trench shall be filled upto the required height of 1.65m (measured from top of ducts as per trench cross section drawing attached in the proposal). A crown of 250mm shall be made at the top of backfilled trench to cater for soil settlement.	
	(a) The trench width should be at least 30cm, but not more than 60 cm wider than the outer diameter of the pipe.	Yes	
	(b) For filling of the trench, bedding shall be at a depth of not less than 30cm. it shall consist of granular material, free of lumps, clods and cobbles and graded to yield a firm surface without a sudden change in the bearing value. Unsuitable soil and rock edged should be excavated and	Yes	
	<ul> <li>c) The backfill shall be excavated and replaced by selected material.</li> <li>(c) The backfill shall be completed in two stages (i) side fill to level of the top of the pipe and (ii) overfill to the bottom of the road crust.</li> </ul>	Yes	

Along NH-16 application of IOCL –City Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" OD Steel Pipeline Fried Honder (CO) Project Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District on Offician Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam Along NH-16

	(d) The side fill shall consist of	Yes	
	granular material laid in15cm		
	layers each consolidated by		-
	mechanical tempering and		
	controlled addition of moisture		
	to95% of the proctor's density.		
	Overfill shall be compacted to		1
	the same density as the material		
	that has been removed.		
	Consolidation by saturation or		
	ponding will not be permitted		
	(e) The road crust shall be built to	Yes	
	the same strength as the existing		
	-		
	crust on either side of the trench.		
	Care shall be taken to avoid the		
	formation of a dip at the trench.		
	(f) The excavation shall be	Yes	
	protected by flagman, signs and		
	barricades, and red lights during		
	night hours.		
	(g) If required, a diversion shall be	Yes	
	constructed at the expense of		
	agency owing the petroleum line.		
2.4.2	Horizontal directional drilling (HDD)	Yes	
	method.		
2.4.3	Methodology for laying of pipe line	No CD works are involved in laying of	
	through CD works and method of laying.	pipeline	
	In cases where the carrying of gas pipe		
	line on the bridge becomes inescapable.		
3	Draft license Agreement is signed by two	Yes, Enclosed	
-	witnesses		
3.1	The license fee estimate as per	NA (As per MoU between IOCL and	
J.1		NHAI date: 08.06.2022)	
	Ministry's guidelines issued vide circular	NHAI uate. 08.00.2022)	1
	no. RW/NH-33044/29/2015/S&R(R)		
	dated 22.11.2016		
4	Whether performance Bank guarantee as		
	per Ministry's circular no. RW/NH-	been obtained from M/s. IOCL	
	33044/29/2015/S&R(R) dated		
	22.11.2016 is obtained		
4.1	Confirmation of BG has been obtained or	Confirmation of BG shall be obtained	
4.1	not as per MoRTH/NHAI guidelines	after BG Submission by M/s. IOCL	
-			
5	Affidavit/ Undertaking from the		
	Applicant for the following is to be		5
	furnished		
5.1	Undertaking for not to damage any other	Yes, Enclosed	1
	utility, if damaged then to pay the losses		
	either to NHAI or to the concerned		
	agency.		
5.2	Undertaking for Renewal of bank	Yes, Enclosed	
J.2			
	guarantee as and when asked by		
	MoRTH/NHAI. Undertaking for confirming all standard	Yes, Enclosed	_
5.3			

Along NH-16 application of IOCL -City Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" OD Steel Pipeline project Manager (COD) Project Director National Highways Authority of India P.141, VISAKHADATUATI

	condition of Ministry circulars and NHAI's guidelines.		
5.4	Undertaking for Indemnity against all damages and claims.	Yes, Enclosed	
5.5	Undertaking for management of traffic movement during laying of petroleum line without hampering the traffic	Yes, Enclosed	
5.6	Undertaking that if any claim is raised by the concessionaire/contractor then the same has to be paid by the applicant.	Yes, Enclosed	
5.7	Undertaking that prior approval of the NHAI shall be obtained before undertaking any work for installation, shifting or repairs, or alterations to the petroleum located in the National Highway right-of-ways.	Yes, Enclosed	
5.8	Undertaking that expenditure, if any, incurred by NHAI for repairing any damage caused to the National Highway by the laying, maintenance or shifting of the petroleum line will be borne by the applicant agency owing the line.	Yes, Enclosed	
5.9	Undertaking that text of the license deed is as per verbatim of MoRTH format (issued vide Ministry's circular no. RW/NH-33044/29/2015/S&R(R) dated 22.11.2016	Yes, Enclosed	
5.10	Undertaking that the applicant has obtained various safety clearances from the representative authorities such as Directorate of Electricity, Chief controller of Explosives, Petroleum and Explosive safety Organization, Oil Industry safety Directorate, State/Central pollution control board and any other statutory clearances as applicable, before applying to Highway Administration	Petroleum and Explosives Safety Organization (PESO) approval for the Steel network can be applied to Chief Controller of Explosives only after mechanical completion and Hydrostatic testing of the line but before commissioning, as Hydro-testing report will be part of the submittal for obtaining PESO clearance. The approval will be submitted to NHAI after obtaining it. Electricity, OISD and PCB clearances are not applicable. Undertaking is being submitted. The construction of the Steel Network is done as per the T4S guideline of PNGRB and as per OISD 226 guidelines.	
5.11	If the MoRTH/NHAI consider it necessary in future to move the petroleum line for any work of improvement or repairs to the road, it will be carried out as desired by the MoRTH/NHAI at the cost of the agency owing the petroleum line within a reasonable time (not exceeding 60 days) of the intimation given.	Yes, Enclosed	
		Enclosed	

हाडयन आवल कॉपोरेशन लिनिटेड Project City Cas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" OD Steel Pipelineporatio Page 6 68 National Highways Authority of India P.I.U. VISAKHAPATNAM

following for	nat	
	not in the second se	
(i) Laying of	Gas pipe line will not have	
any deleteri	us effects on any of the	
	onents and roadway safety	
for traffic.	, ,	
	ndertake that I/we will	
	ice road/approach	
	at my/our own cost	
	ing the permission granted	
	me as will be stipulated by	
	ure six-lanning or any other	
developmer		
6 Who will sig	the agreement on behalf of SM(CGD),	-
Gas pipe line	agency. Indian Oil Corporation Limited	
	(pipelines division)	
	City Gas Distribution project,	
	Visakhapatnam.	
Power of At	orney to sign the agreement Yes, Enclosed	
is available		
	Director will submit the	
following Ce		
	at the proposal is Yes, Enclosed.	
confirming t	all standard conditions	
issued vide	1inistry's circular No:	
RW/NH-330	14/29/2015/S&(R) dated	
22.11.2016		
7.2 Certificate f	om PD in the following Yes, Enclosed	
format		
	ertified that any other	
	of the Gas pipe line would	
	mely difficult and	
	nable costly and the	
	on of Gas pipe line within	
	I not adversely affect the	
	tability & traffic safety of the	
	nor the likely future	
improve	ment such as widening of	
the carr	ageway, easing of curve	
etc.".		
(ii)for 6	anning	
	re feasibility is available	
	certify that there will be no	
	rance to proposed six-laning	
	d on the feasibility report	
	idering proposed structures	
	e said location".	
	se feasibility report is not	
	able "I do certify that	
	cient ROW is available at site	
for	ccommodating proposed six-	
lini	g".	
8 If NH sectio	proposed to be taken up by N.A	IMAG
10	I MAY WANT	INTER ICG
	n proposed to be taken up by N.A	Vallage
	FLOCE City Cas Distribution Project for laying of 8 625" (1) and 8) Issuid Project	Datted
1	of IOCL –City Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" OD Steel Pipeline Compare Total and the structure of the structur	Tac
Along NH-16 application	of IOCL –City Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" OD Steel Pipeline ConPage Tof 8 stween Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District Indian Conversion Project for laying of 8.625" OD Steel Pipeline Conversion Project for laying	roject
Location: Along NH-16 F	etween Km 682.980 - 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District Indian and Telefoulion P	
Projector	City Gas Dist I Vizag	
National Highways Authority of India	Kuy	
P.I.IL MSAKHADATNAM		

	NHAI on BOT basis – a clause is to be inserted in the agreement. "The		
	permitted Highway on which License has been granted the right to lay Gas Pipeline/duct has also been granted as a		
	right of way to the concessionaire under the concession agreement for up- gradation of [section from Km		
	to kmof NH no on Build: operate and transfer basis] and therefore, the license shall honour the same."		
9	Who will supervise the work of laying of Gas pipe line		
	(a) On behalf of the Applicant	SM(CGD), Indian Oil Corporation Limited (pipelines division) City Gas Distribution Project, Visakhapatnam.	
	(b) On behalf of the MoRTH/NHAI	Project Director, NHAI, Visakhapatnam	
10	Who will ensure that the defects in road portion after laying of Gas pipe line are corrected and if not corrected then what action will be taken.		
	(a) On behalf of the applicant	SM(CGD), Indian Oil Corporation Limited (pipelines division) City Gas Distribution Project, Visakhapatnam.	
	(b) On behalf of NHAI	Project Director, NHAI, Visakhapatnam	
11	Who will pay the claims for damage done/disruption in working of concessionaire if asked by the concessionaire		
	On behalf of the applicant	Indian Oil Corporation Limited (Pipelines Division) City Gas Distribution Project, Visakhapatnam	
12	A certificate from PD that he will enter the proposed permission in the register of record of the permission in the prescribed proforma (copy enclosed)	Yes, Enclosed	
13	If any various approvals are accorded for laying of underground Gas pipe line then Photocopy of register of records of permission accorded (as maintained by PD) be enclosed.	Yes. PNGRB Authorization and MoU between IOCL & NHAI enclosed.	Annex-8 & 9

National Highways Authority of India P. U. VISAKHAPATNAM Along NH-16 application of IOCL –City Gas Distribution Project for laying of 8.625" OD Steel Pipeline Gas Distribution running Location: Along NH-16 Between Km 682.980 – 699.500 (16.6 Km), Visakhapatnam District D. 1

# Obrervation - 2.32



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Annexure - 3



दुष्यंत सणि / DUSHYANT MANI बरिष परिपोलना प्रवेक (पी थी डो) / Senior Project Manage (CGD) इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड Indian Oil Corporation Limited सिटी गैस डिस्ट्रीब्यूशन ग्रोजेक्ट City Gas Distribution Project देजाग / Vizag



meaure-4

## 1. Trenching Method:

Laying of Pipe along the mentioned route will be done by conventional method/manual and machine Trenching method. The Dimension of the Trench will be 1.5m in depth and 1.0m in width .The pipe laying work will be carried out in phased manner in such a way that after the Pipes are laid, the trench will be restored to its Original surface. Excavating trenches of required width for pipes, cables, etc including excavation for sockets, and dressing of sides, ramming of bottoms, depth up to 1.5 m, from top of pipe including getting out the excavated soil and then returning the soil as required, in layers not exceeding 20 cm in depth, including consolidating each deposited layer by ramming, watering, etc. and disposing of surplus excavated soil as directed, within a lead of 500m.

## 2. Trench Filling Method:

As a measure of abundant precaution against future settlement and other allied problems, only selected granular material will be used in filling restoration of trenches. The entire depth of cutting will be filled either with coarse sand or the excavated material, compacted in layers not exceeding 20cm when compacted by ordinary power roller/plate compacter. Special compaction equipment like plate compacter, frog hammer will be utilized besides ordinary power roller.

## 3. Trenchless Crossing: HDD Method

Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD) is a Technique for installing product pipes, including utility lines, below ground using a surface-mounted drill rig that launches and places and drill string at a shallow angle to the surface and has tracking and steering capabilities. In recent years HDD has been the preferred methodology due to several government policies conducive to infrastructure growth. Major crossings on the Route will be done by Horizontal Directional Drilling method without disturbing the road surface. Slurry liquid used in HDD will be disposed -off at suitable locations.

Annexure - 5

दुष्टांत मणि(Dushyant Mani) ANI बोख परियोलन प्रबंध SMF (CGD) ए Reject Marager (CGD) इंडियन ऑयल कॉपरिशन स्टिश्चरेड Indian Oil Corporation Limited सिटी शैम खिरहीव्यूसन प्रोजेक्ट City Gas Distribution Project येजान / Vizag



## **Indian Oil Corporation Limited**

## CONSTRUCTION METHODOLOGY:

For laying underground pipeline Crossing National highways by Horizontal Boring Method



उद्यत सणि / DUSHYANT MANI अन्यत सणि / DUSHYANT MANI के परिवेग्ना प्रवेग्ड (वी जे की) Seriar Projet Manager (CGD) इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्डोरेशन किलिटेड पिरोटी रोस जिरहीव्युल कोलेट सिंही रोस जिरहीव्युल कालेट रिपि Gas Distribution Project City Gas Distribution Project

#### HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILLING

#### GENERAL

Horizontal Directional Drilling or HDD, is a steerable trenchless method of installing underground pipes, conduits and cables in a shallow arc along a prescribed bore path by using a surface launched drilling rig, with minimal impact on the surrounding area. HDD is used when trenching or open excavation is not possible/practical. Directional boring minimizes environmental disruption. It is suitable for a variety of soil conditions and jobs including road, landscape and river crossings. Pipes can be made of materials such as Steel, PVC, etc. if the pipes can be pulled through the drilled hole.

#### Technique

Directional boring is used for installing infrastructure such as telecommunications and power cable conduits, water lines, sewer lines, gas lines, oil lines, product pipelines and environmental remediation casings. It is used for crossing waterways, roadways, shore approaches, congested areas, environmentally sensitive areas, and areas where other methods are costlier. It is used instead of other techniques to provide less traffic disruption, lower cost, deeper and/or longer installation, no access pit, shorter completion times, directional capabilities, and environmental safety. The technique has extensive use in urban areas for developing subsurface utilities as it helps in avoiding extensive open cut trenches.

The method comprises a three stage process wherein first stage drills a pilot hole on the designed path and the second stage enlarges the hole by passing a larger cutting tool known as the back reamer. The third stage places the product or casing pipe in the enlarged hole. The directional control capabilities assist the rig operator in making necessary changes in the directions of the drilling head.

Horizontal directional drilling is done with the help of a viscous fluid known as drilling fluid. It is a mixture of water and, usually, bentonite or polymer continuously pumped to the cutting head or drill bit to facilitate the removal of cuttings, stabilize the bore hole, cool the cutting head, and lubricate the passage of the product pipe.

Location and guidance of the drilling is a very important part of the drilling operation, as the drilling head is under the ground while drilling and, in most cases, not visible from the ground surface.

#### Advantages

HDD offers several advantages when compared to other trenchless construction methods:

- (a) Complicated crossings can be quickly and economically accomplished with a great degree of accuracy since it is possible to monitor and control the drilling operation.
- (b) Sufficient depth can be accomplished to avoid other utilities.
- (c) In river crossing applications, danger of river bed erosion and possible damage from river traffic is eliminated.
- (d) Requires only a small construction footprint.

## The Horizontal Directional Drilling Process

The tools and techniques used in the horizontal directional drilling (HDD) process are an outgrowth of the oil well drilling industry. The components of a horizontal drilling rig used for pipeline construction are similar to those of an oil well drilling rig with the major exception being that a horizontal drilling rig is equipped with an inclined ramp as opposed to a vertical mast. HDD

उद्यांत समिभिग WANT MANI उद्यांत समिभिग Walt (भी जी से) ISentu Project Manager (CGD) इंडियन ऑयल कॉयोरिशन लिनिटेड Indian Oil Corporation Limited Indian Oil Corporation Project लिटी नेम डिस्ट्रीव्युलन प्रोजेक्ट City Gas Distribution Project होजान / Vizag pilot hole operations are not unlike those involved in drilling a directional oil well. Drill pipe and downhole tools are generally interchangeable and drilling fluid is used throughout the operation to transport drilled spoil, reduce friction, stabilize the hole, etc. Because of these similarities, the process is generally referred to as drilling as opposed to boring.

Installation of a pipeline by HDD is generally accomplished in three stages as illustrated in Figure 1. The first stage consists of directionally drilling a small diameter pilot hole along a designed directional path. The second stage involves enlarging this pilot hole to a diameter suitable for installation of the pipeline. The third stage consists of pulling the pipeline back into the enlarged hole.

#### **Pilot Hole Directional Drilling**

Pilot hole directional control is achieved by using a non-rotating drill string with an asymmetrical leading edge.

It is common in soft soils to achieve drilling progress by hydraulic cutting with a jet nozzle. In this case, the direction of flow from the nozzle can be offset from the central axis of the drill string thereby creating a steering bias. This may be accomplished by blocking selected nozzles on a standard roller cone bit or by custom fabricating a jet deflection bit. If hard spots are encountered, the drill string may be rotated to drill without directional control until the hard spot has been penetrated.

#### **Pre-reaming**

For a pre-reaming pass, reamers attached to the drill string at the exit point are rotated and drawn to the drilling rig thus enlarging the pilot hole. Drill pipe is added behind the reamers as they progress toward the drill rig. This insures that a string of pipe is always maintained in the drilled hole..

#### Pullback

Pipe installation is accomplished by attaching the prefabricated pipeline pull section behind a reaming assembly at the exit point and pulling the reaming assembly and pull section back to the drilling rig. This is undertaken after completion of pre-reaming or, for smaller diameter lines in soft soils, directly after completion of the pilot hole. A swivel is utilized to connect the pull section to the leading reaming assembly to minimize torsion transmitted to the pipe.

द्खात म DUSHYANT MANI बरिख परियोजना प्रवयक (सी जी डी) / Senior Project Manager (CGD) इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड Indian Oil Corporation Limited सिटी गैस डिस्ट्रीब्यूशन प्रोजेक्ट City Gas Distribution Project येजाग / Vizag





#### Disadvantages of Cased Crossing:

Cased Crossings are being worldwide discouraged due to technical & operational issues/problems being faced by people involved in installing & maintaining pipelines. Some of the points going against cased crossings are as follows:

- For installing a pipeline by cased crossing method, large launching & receiving pits are required to be excavated on both sides of the crossing (highway/ railway etc.). In case of high water table conditions, it is very difficult to keep these pits in stable/ dry condition. De-watering and sheet piling / shoring methods may be required especially for higher depth crossings.
- Collapse of the pits may lead to severe accidents. Several such accidents, fatal in some cases, have been reported in the past due to collapse of deep pits excavated at cased crossing locations.
- Due to requirement of deep pits and water table, depths more than of 3-4m are practically difficult to be achieved by this technique and may be risky.
- The installation is done by horizontal auger boring machine placed in the launching pit. The boring process is un-guided and at times may deviate considerably from the intended straight path due to soft soil conditions and/or presence of rock/ hard strata beneath the road/ rail surface. Under such conditions the hole may have to be abandoned and a new boring at a separate location may be required. Filling the abandoned hole is very difficult and settlement of road/ ground surface may occur in future.
- Maximum length of boring which can be practically achieved depends on the soil conditions and size of boring. However any length beyond 50-60m is difficult, risky & time consuming. As highway crossings, especially NH & SH are of longer lengths, this method has got limitations of installation.
- Problems of short-circuiting between casing & carrier pipes is another problem prevalent in cased crossings. This leads to loss of cathodic protection current thereby reducing the secondary protection to the carrier pipe. Any damage to pipe coating at such locations may lead to development of corrosion spots and potential areas for leakage of petroleum products in future.
- In case widening of the highway is undertaken in future, the low depth of the pipe may become a hindrance. Extension of the casing to cover the new width of crossing is very cumbersome and time consuming.

#### Advantages of HDD Technique:

- Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD) technique is a trenchless technique used worldwide for crossing of obstacles like rivers, canals, drains, highways etc. by petroleum pipelines (liquid / gas), sewer lines etc.
- It is a environment friendly technique for pipeline crossings
- It is a much safer technique as compared to other techniques of pipeline crossings.
- Small excavation is required at both ends

दुष्ट्यंत पीणि / DUSHYANT MANI बरिव परियोगना प्रवंग (से जी डी) / Senior Project Manager (CGD) इंडियन ऑयल कॉर्पोरेशन लिभिटेड Indian Oll Corporation Limited सिटी गैस डिरट्रीव्यूशन प्रोजेक्ट City Gas Distribution Project येजान / Vizag

- By the use of this technique the pipeline can be installed at a much greater depth from the obstacle as per requirement of client. In PRRPL project, the depth below highway has been kept more than 5m. Such depths may not be possible by cased crossing technique.
- In this technique, use of casing pipe is not required as the hole drilled for installation of • the carrier pipe is kept stable due to presence of drilling fluid (bentonite) under pressure and the drill pipe / product pipe being always present in the hole.
- Much longer crossing lengths can be achieved by HDD technique. Thus highway • widening activities can be carried out without any hindrance as the pipeline is laid at much higher depth and for longer length as compared to cased crossing. In PRRPL project HDD crossing length of more than 100m have been envisaged. Such lengths cannot be obtained by cased crossing method.
- Success rate of HDD technique is much higher than auger boring. Problems of . abandonment of hole which have been mentioned above in cased crossings are almost nil in case of HDD crossings of small lengths for highways, small canals etc.

Soin STOLIDUSHYANT MANI दुख्यात् नाभा प्रवाण (तो जी थी) (Senior Project Manager (CGD) ापाणगा प्रथमण (गा गा श) । विग्राम गणणपत्र मात्राव्यपुण इंडियन शॉयल कॉर्यारेशन लिमिटेड ছাভৰণ ভাৰল ফাদ্যস্থান Ienece Indian Oil Corporation Limited सिटी शेस डिस्ट्रील्यूचन जोजेस्ट City Gas Distribution Project देजान / Vizag

PNGRB/CGD/BID/9/2018/01/Andhra Pradesh -Bid Evaluation पेट्रोलियम एवं प्राकृतिक गैस विनियामक बोर्ड Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board प्रथम-तल, वर्ल्ड टेड सेंटर, बाबर रोड, नयी दिल्ली - 110001 1st Floor, World Trade Centre, Babar Road, New Delhi - 110001

01st March, 2019

Annexure - 8 3 9.

To Indian Oil Corporation Limited 7th Floor, Core-2, Scope Complex, 7 Institutional Area, Lodhi Road, New Delhi- 110003

Subject: Grant of Authorization to Indian Oil Corporation Limited for development of City Gas Distribution Network in the Geographical Area of Srikakulam, Vishakhapatnam and Vizianagaram Districts. Sir.

(B)

With reference to submission of Performance Bank Guarantee for Rs. 50 crore vide your letter dated 28.02.2019, as per the requirement under Regulation 10(1) of the Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board (Authorizing Entities to Lay, Build, Operate or Expand City or Local Natural Gas Distribution Networks) Regulations, 2008, please find enclosed authorization in Schedule D for the GA of Srikakulam, Vishakhapatnam and Vizianagaram Districts in duplicate.

The tariff applicability is as per the Judgment of Hon'ble Supreme Court of 2. India in the SLP No. 22273 of 2012.

You are requested to put your stamp & signature on each page of the 3. document and return one copy, within 7 days of receipt of this communication, to the PNGRB for records.

4. The enclosed authorization issues with the approval of the Board.

Yours faithfully,

200005/2019

(Arvind Kumar) **Additional Advisor** 

Encl: As above

## Schedule D

[see regulations 10 (1) and 18 (7)] Grant of authorization for laying, building, operating or expanding CGD network.

То

**Indian Oil Corporation Limited** 7<sup>th</sup> Floor, Core-2, Scope Complex, 7 Institutional Area, Lodhi Road, New Delhi- 110003

## Subject: Grant of Authorization to Indian Oil Corporation Limited for development of City Gas Distribution Network in the Geographical Area of Srikakulam, Vishakhapatnam and Vizianagaram Districts.

Sir,

With reference to your application-cum-bid for grant of authorization for laying, building, operating or expanding the CGD network in Srikakulam, Vishakhapatnam and Vizianagaram Districts in the state of Andhra Pradesh, it has been decided to grant you the authorization subject to the Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board (Authorizing Entities to Lay, Build, Operate or Expand City or Local Natural Gas Distribution Networks) Regulations, 2008 and the following terms and conditions:

- 1. The Authorised Area for laying, building, operating or expanding the proposed CGD Network shall cover an area of <23650.30> square kilometre and as depicted in the enclosed drawing or map,
- 2. The activities of laying, building, operating or expansion of the CGD Network shall commence immediately after the issuance of this authorisation.
- 3. The activities permitted above shall have to be completed as per the work programme mentioned below, namely: -

Serial Number		
1	Number of CNG Stations (Online and Daughter Booster stations) to be installed within 8 contract years from the date of authorisation	211
2	Number of domestic Piped Natural Gas connections to be achieved within 8 contract years from the date of authorisation	929842
3 26	Inch-km of steel pipeline to be laid within 8 contract years from the date of authorisation	2300

The entity shall be required to achieve the year-wise work programme within 8 contract years as per details given below:

PNG Connections (cumulative)		CNG Stations (cumulative)		Inch-km of steel pipeline (cumulative)	
By the end of contract year		By the end of contract year	% of work program		% of work
1 <sup>st</sup>	Nil	1 <sup>st</sup>	Nil	1 <sup>st</sup>	5
2 <sup>nd</sup>	10	2 <sup>nd</sup>	15	2 <sup>nd</sup>	20
3rd	20	3rd	30	3rd	40
4 <sup>th</sup>	30	4 <sup>th</sup>	45	4 <sup>th</sup>	60
5 <sup>th</sup>	40	5 <sup>th</sup>	60	5 <sup>th</sup>	70
6 <sup>th</sup>	60	6 <sup>th</sup>	75	6 <sup>th</sup>	80
7 <sup>th</sup>	80	7 <sup>th</sup>	90	7 <sup>th</sup>	90
8 <sup>th</sup>	100	8 <sup>th</sup>	100	8 <sup>th</sup>	100

Note - In case derived numbers are in fraction, the same shall be rounded off to the nearest whole number and 0.5 shall be rounded off to next higher whole number.

- 4. Any failure on the part of the entity in complying with the milestones prescribed in the work programme shall lead to consequences as specified under regulation 16.
- 5. The entity shall design and install an optimal size of the infrastructure in terms of pipelines of various types including steel belting of the authorised area, online compressors of adequate capacity for compressing of natural gas into CNG, allied equipment and facilities in the CGD network depending upon the potential demand for natural gas. The infrastructure in the CGD network should be adequate to maintain uninterrupted flow of natural gas in the pipelines and be also able to maintain supplies at adequate pressure to online CNG stations.
- 6. The entity shall maintain an uninterrupted supply of natural gas to all categories of customers in the CGD network. In the event of any disruption in the supply of natural gas in the CGD Network, first priority shall be accorded to restoration of supplies to domestic PNG customers. In case of disruption of supply to domestic PNG customers for more than twelve hours, the entity shall compensate the domestic customer on the following manner, namely: -

(a) the normative volume of natural gas consumption for the first domestic  $\sim 10^{-5}$  PNG connection for cooking requirements based on last three months

weighted average consumption per day to be applied for each day's disruption and multiplied by ten;

- (b) normative value of natural gas consumption shall be based on last three months' weighted average billing price of natural gas for supplies to the first domestic PNG connection for cooking requirements; and
- (c) the value of compensation shall be equal to normative volume of natural gas consumption as per clause (a) above multiplied by normative value as per clause (b) and shall be adjusted by allowing a credit to the domestic PNG Customer in the next billing cycle or in the next pre-paid smart card in case of smart card metering.

In case the disruption of supplies is attributed to any fault of the domestic PNG customer, no compensation shall be payable by the entity.

- 7. The entity is allowed an exclusivity period under the Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board (Exclusivity for City or Local Natural Gas Distribution Networks) Regulations, 2008, in respect of the following, namely: -
  - (a) **300** months from the date of issue of this communication for laying, building and expansion of the CGD network; and
  - (b) 96 months from the date of issue of this communication in terms of an exemption from the purview of common carrier or contract carrier for the CGD network:

Provided that the entity meets the obligations in line with the Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board (Exclusivity for City or Local Natural Gas Distribution Networks) Regulations, 2008:

Provided further that the period of exclusivity allowed under sub-clause (a) or sub-clause (b) may be terminated before the expiry of the period mentioned above in line with the provisions under Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board (Exclusivity for City or Local Natural Gas Distribution Networks) Regulations, 2008.

8. The authorised entity shall be required to take prior approval from the Board for creation of any lien, charge or hypothecation of the CGD network to secure finances for the project and furnish details of utilisation of funds. And, in case of raising funds from any financial institution or bank, the entity will be required to only inform the Board of the sanction of the funds within a period of seven days.

- 9. The entity shall submit a detailed and clear financial closure report to the Board within a period of two hundred and seventy days from the date of authorisation issued by the Board under regulation 10.
- 10. The entity shall publish on its website the transportation rate for CGD and transportation rate for CNG in the authorised area as per the following table namely: -

Serial Number	Description	Rate
1	Transportation rate for CGD - in rupees per million British Thermal Unit (Rs./MMBTU) for the first contract year	30
2	Transportation rate for CNG - in rupees per kilogram (Rs. /kg) for the first contract year	2

Note - Annual escalation shall be considered from the second contract year and onwards based on the "Wholesale Price Index (WPI) Data (2011-12 = 100)" for "All Group / Commodity", as normally available on the website of the Office of the Economic Adviser, Government of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion (DIPP) on the link "http://eaindustry.nic.in/home.asp."

- 11. The entity shall publish the applicable retail selling price of PNG for all categories of customers and also for the purpose of invoicing in Rs. / MMBTU.
- 12. The entity shall publish and display the retail selling price of natural gas for the purpose of invoicing to CNG customers in Rs. / Kg at all natural gas dispensing stations.
- 13. The furnishing of performance bond of **Rs. 500** Million is a guarantee for timely commissioning of the project as per the prescribed work programme in the bid and for meeting the service obligations during the operating phase of the project.
- 14. The entity shall comply with the applicable provisions under the Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board (Authorising Entities to Lay, Build, Operate or Expand City or Local Natural Gas Distribution Networks) Regulations, 2008, the Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board (Exclusivity for City or Local Natural Gas Distribution Networks) Regulations, 2008, relevant regulations for technical standards and specifications, including safety standards, any other regulations as may be applicable and the provisions of the Act.

- 15. In case the authorisation of the entity is terminated, the Board may assign the rights and obligations of the entity to any agency or another entity on such terms and conditions, as it may deem fit. Further, the entity may be required, as per the directions of the Board, to continue the operations of the CGD network at the same level till another agency or entity appointed by the Board takes over the full control of the CGD network.
- 16. The entity shall comply with any other term or condition which may be notified by the Board in public interest from time to time.

You are requested to confirm your acceptance by filling-in the acceptance of the grant of authorisation provided below and return the same in original.

Yours faithfully,

1/2/2019

Name and Designation of Officer On behalf of the PNGRB

**Official Seal** 

Acceptance of the Grant of Authorisation

I / We hereby accept the grant of authorisation issued by the PNGRB vide letter ref.

< \_\_\_\_> dated <\_\_\_\_> and agree to comply with all the terms and conditions subject to which I/ We have been granted the authorisation for laying, building, operating or expanding city or local natural gas distribution network in the authorised area of \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the State or the Union Territory of \_\_\_\_\_.

Date:

Dated:

Place:

Signature of the Entity or Authorised Signatory Name and Official Seal

#### ACBD for GRANT OF AUTHORIZATION FOR LAYING, BUILDING, OPERATING OR EXPANDING CITY OR LOCAL NATURAL GAS DISTRIBUTION NETWORK IN THE GEOGRAPHICAL AREA OF SRIKAKULAM, VISAKHAPATNAM & VIZIANAGARAM DISTRICTS

#### CORRIGENDUM - 3 TENDER No. -- PNGRB/CGD/BID/9/2018/GA/1/ANDHRA PRADESH

GA ID-1

#### DATE: 21.06.2018

Sr. No.	Section / Clause No.	Application- cum-Bid Document Page No.	Clause Description	Addition / Deletion / Modification
1,	Annexure-1	33	Map	Population data is corrected as 93,38,177 Household data is corrected as 23,65,521
2.		2 & 57	Bid Bond	Bid Bond value modified to 9,33,81,770

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Annesure - 8 4



## INDIA NON JUDICIAL

# **Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi**

## e-Stamp

## Certificate No.

Certificate Issued Date Account Reference Unique Doc. Reference Purchased by

Description of Document

Property Description

Consideration Price (Rs.)

First Party

Second Party

Stamp Duty Paid By

Stamp Duty Amount(Rs.)

- IN-DL43131039471235U
- 07-Jun-2022 11:13 AM
- IMPACC (SH)/ dlshimp17/ SUPREME COURT/ DL-DLH
- SUBIN-DLDLSHIMP1770917717202787U
- INDIAN OIL CORPORATION LIMITED
- : Article 5 General Agreement
- Not Applicable
- : 0 (Zero)
- INDIAN OIL CORPORATION LIMITED
- Not Applicable
- INDIAN OIL CORPORATION LIMITED
- 100 (One Hundred only)



## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

#### BETWEEN

## INDIAN OIL CORPORATION LIMITED

AND

# NATIONAL HIGHWAY AUTHORITY OF INDIA (NHAI)

Page 1 of 10

CONTRACTOR -

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This Memorandum of Understanding (hereinafter referred to as "MoU") made at NHAI, G-3, Sector-10, Dwarka, New Delhi on this 8<sup>th</sup> of June 2022 ("Effective Date"),

## by and between: ...

**INDIAN OIL CORPORATION LIMITED**, a company duly incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 and having its registered office at G-9, Ali Yavar Jung Marg, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051 (hereinafter referred to as "IOCL" which expression shall, unless repugnant to the context or meaning thereof, be deemed to include its successors and permitted assigns) of the First Part.

#### And

**NATIONAL HIGHWAY AUTHORITY OF INDIA** (hereinafter called NHAI) an autonomous Authority constituted by Act of Parliament, having its registered office at Sector 10, Dwarka, New Delhi - 110075, India, which expression shall, unless the context required otherwise, include its legal successors and permitted assigns (hereinafter referred to as "NHAI") of the Second Part.

IOCL and NHAI are individually referred to as "Party" and collectively as "Parties".

#### **RECITALS:**

WHEREAS; IOCL, a Maharatna Central Public Sector Undertaking under the administrative control of Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas (MoPNG), Government of India and is India's flagship national oil company with business interests straddling the entire hydrocarbon value chain – from refining, pipeline transportation and marketing of petroleum products to natural gas and petrochemicals.

WHEREAS; NHAI, is an autonomous agency of the Government of India under the Ministry of Road Transport and Highways (MoRTH) for development, maintenance, and management of National Highways across the country.

WHEREAS; In ever expanding networks of cross-country pipelines of IOCL and National Highways of NHAI, interfacing of these two structures and many locations is unavoidable.

Page 2 of 10

WHEREAS: Parties are desirous of simplification of the process of obtaining crossing permissions, optimization of the expenditure on the crossings and bringing about uniformity of such proceedings across the country.

WHEREAS; in furtherance of the same, NOW THEREFORE, it is understood between the parties as under:

- I. SCOPE AND APPLICABILTY: The terms and conditions mentioned in this MoU will be applicable for complete network of NHAI's National Highways in National Highways Right of Way and IOCL's gas/ petroleum pipeline(s) across the country.
- II. DESCRIPTION OF PURPOSE: This MOU is an understanding between the parties to express the mutual interest of the parties, within the framework of this MoU for amicable mutual interface for laying of gas/ petroleum pipeline(s) along and across National Highways Corridors and vice versa.

## III. OBLIGATIONS, DUTIES AND UNDERTAKINGS OF NHAI

## 1. In respect of already laid gas/ petroleum pipeline(s):

- a. Wherever, the alignment of a National Highway ("NH") crosses an already laid gas/ petroleum pipeline(s) (i.e., pipeline(s) existing prior to declaration of said National Highway vide relevant Notification), NHAI shall either construct portal structure(s) over the existing pipeline (as per **Annexure-A**) or cause shifting of such operating pipeline(s) at NHAI's cost under supervision of IOCL.
- b. NHAI will inform IOCL regarding upcoming alignment of National Highways over IOCL's existing gas/ petroleum pipeline(s) as soon as NHAI becomes aware of such operating pipeline(s) to expedite the interface related formalities. However, NHAI may explore possibilities of expediting the information to IOCL regarding crossing of National Highways to IOCL's existing gas/ petroleum pipeline(s) during the land acquisition stage to expedite the crossing related formalities.

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- c. NHAI will try to maximize the crossing angle i.e., near to 90 Deg to IOCL's gas/ petroleum pipeline(s).
- d. For crossing length exceeding 30m, NHAI to provide rectangular vent of minimum size,
   3ft x 3ft in the RCC portal structure.
- e. NHAI will extend all possible support to IOCL during any exigency in IOCL's gas/ petroleum pipeline(s).
- f. Wherever, the alignment of an existing National Highway ("NH") crosses an already laid gas/ petroleum pipeline(s) (i.e., pipeline(s) laid after declaration of said National Highway vide relevant Notification), NHAI will allow IOCL to either shift or take suitable measures to protect its pipeline(s) at IOCL's cost within mutually agreed period of time upon receipt of notice from NHAI, if such pipeline obstructs the upgradation of the National Highway(s).
- 2. In respect of laying of new gas/ petroleum pipeline(s):
  - a. NHAI will issue NOC to IOCL for laying gas/ petroleum pipeline(s) along and across National Highways in National Highways land (Right of Way) in 60 days period from the date of formal application by IOCL. Beyond this period of 60 days, it is understood by both the parties that the NOC stands issued.
  - b. NHAI shall not levy any charges from IOCL and its agencies for laying new gas/ petroleum pipeline(s) along or across National Highways in National Highways Right of Way.
  - c. NHAI will obtain Performance Security from IOCL before issuance of permission for laying gas/ petroleum pipeline(s) along and across National Highways in National Highways land (Right of Way).
  - d. NHAI will extend all possible support during any exigency in IOCL's gas/ petroleum pipeline(s) at crossing location of NHAI to IOCL.

## IV. OBLIGATIONS, DUTIES AND UNDERTAKINGS OF IOCL

- 1. In respect of already laid gas/ petroleum pipeline(s):
- a. Wherever, the alignment of a National Highway ("NH") crosses an already laid gas/

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petroleum pipeline(s) (i.e., pipeline(s) existing prior to declaration of said National Highway vidé relevant Notification), IOCL will allow NHAI to either construct portal structures over the existing pipeline (as per **Annexure-A**) or cause shifting of such operating pipeline(s) at NHAI's cost under supervision of IOCL.

- b. Wherever, the alignment of an existing National Highway ("NH") crosses an already laid gas/ petroleum pipeline(s) (i.e., pipeline(s) laid after declaration of said National Highway vide relevant Notification), IOCL to either shift or take suitable measures to protect its pipeline(s) at IOCL's cost within mutually agreed time period upon receipt of notice by NHAI, if such pipeline obstructs the upgradation of the National Highway(s).
- c. IOCL will not levy any charges on NHAI for constructing National Highways over their already laid gas/ petroleum pipeline(s).
- d. IOCL will obtain Insurance Cover from NHAI before allowing construction of National Highways over their already laid gas/ petroleum pipeline(s).
- e. IOCL will issue NOC to NHAI whenever under construction National Highway crosses over an already laid gas/ petroleum pipeline(s) (i.e. pipeline(s) existing prior to declaration of said National Highway vide Notification) in 60 days period from the date of formal application by NHAI. Beyond this period of 60 days, it is understood by both the parties that the NOC stands issued.
- f. IOCL will extend all possible support during any exigency in NHAI's National Highways in National Highways Right of Way at crossing location of IOCL to NHAI.
- 2. In respect of laying of new gas/ petroleum pipeline(s):
- a. IOCL, while laying gas / petroleum pipeline(s) across already constructed National Highways, will adopt Trenchless method throughout National Highways land (Right of Way) with the depth of topmost point of pipeline being at-least 1.5m below ground level/ bottom of any National Highway structure/ facility.
- b. IOCL shall bear all cost for laying of new pipeline along or across existing NH land (Right of Way).

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- c. IOCL will try to maximize the crossing angle i.e., near to 90 Deg to NHAP's National Highways in National Highways Right of Way.
- d. IOCL will inform NHAI regarding crossing of IOCL's pipeline to National Highways during the land acquisition stage to expedite the crossing related formalities.
- e. IOCL will extend all possible support during any exigency in NHAI's National Highways in National Highways Right of Way at crossing location of IOCL to NHAI.

## V. DEFINITIVE AGREEMENT:

- The Parties may enter into separate agreement(s) in terms of this MoU on specific work association of the parties for crossing permissions and shall identify inter alia the methodology of crossing, division of their individual scope of work, division of responsibilities and respective liabilities, expenses etc.
- Such definitive agreements would be binding on the parties and would be entered into generally as per the understanding contained in this MoU, upon approval by competent authorities of the parties.
- 3. In case of any contradiction/ discrepancy in any of the clauses of MoU and the definitive agreement(s), the definitive agreement shall prevail. However, clauses of the definitive crossing agreement (s) to be made in line with this MoU conditions for both the parties.

#### VI. NON-EXCLUSIVITY:

The understanding between the Parties under this MoU shall be initially on non-exclusive basis. However, the understanding shall be on exclusive basis contingent upon parties entering into definitive agreement as stipulated above.

#### VII. BINDING UNDERSTANDING:

1. The Parties undertake to act in good faith with respect to each other's rights and obligations under the objectives of this MoU,

Page 6 of 10

- 2. The Parties recognize the impracticality of providing for every contingency, which may arise during or after the expiry of the MoU and hereby agree to operate fairly and without detriment to the interests of either of them,
- 3. Subject to any definitive agreements entered into, this MoU is binding in nature, and is a definite expression and record of the purpose and intention of the Parties concerned.

## VIII. TRANSFER AND ASSIGNMENT

- 1. None of the Parties shall assign or transfer this MoU or any of its respective rights or obligations hereunder, to any other third party without the prior written consent of the other.
- 2. This consent requirement shall not apply in the event that a Party shall change its corporate name.

## IX. DISPUTE RESOLUTION AND GOVERNING LAW:

- 1. This MoU will be construed and governed by the laws of India.
- Any dispute arising out of this MoU shall be amicably resolved in first instance, through discussions in good faith with a view to expeditiously resolve such differences or disputes in a spirit of mutual understanding and cooperation.
- In the event of any dispute or difference relating to the interpretation and application of the provisions of this agreement, such dispute or difference shall be taken up by either party for resolution through AMRCD as mentioned in DPE OM No. 4(1)/2013-DPE (GM)/FTS-1835 dated 22.05.2018 issued by Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises.

## X. DURATION AND TERMINATION OF THIS MOU:

- 1. This MoU shall enter into force on the Effective Date.
- 2. This MoU shall remain in force for a period of three (3) years from the Effective Date (i.e. the date on which this MoU is signed).
- The Parties may elect to extend the period of this MoU for an additional period of time or multiple periods of time as may be mutually agreed upon by the Parties in writing.
- 4. Each party has a right to terminate the MoU at any time during the validity of this MoU, Page 7 of 10

in writing, with at least one (1) month notice of such intention to the other party. However, the termination of this MoU shall not affect the actions that may have been formalized during its operation.

## XI. CONFIDENTIALITY

- 1. The Parties hereto agree that they will not at any time during the Term of this MoU, without the prior written consent of the other Party, disclose the existence of, or the terms and conditions set forth in this MoU unless otherwise required by law or regulation.
- 2. Only those individuals and representatives of the Parties, and their respective legal and financial advisors, with a need to know and for the sole basis of advising the respective Parties concerning the transactions contemplated hereby, shall be permitted to receive knowledge of the information contained herein.

## XII. AMENDMENT

- 1. This MoU may be amended in writing by mutual agreement between the Parties.
- 2. Any such amendment shall enter into force from the date agreed to by the Parties.

## **XIII. NOTICES**

- 1. Notices in connection with this MOU must:
  - a) Be in writing, in the English language.
  - b) All notices or other information required or deemed necessary to be given to:
    - i. For NHAI:

Name: Chairperson, NHAI

Address: NHAI 2<sup>nd</sup> Office Building, G-3, Sector-10, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

Email Id: chairman@nhai.org, chairperson@nhai.org

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ii. For IOCL

Name: Executive Director (Operations), PLHO

Address: Indian Oil Bhavan, A-1, Udyog Marg, Sector 1, Noida (UP)-201301

Email Id: edoplho@indianoil.in

c) Notices shall be delivered by courier or hand or sent by email to the respective addresses and email which are specified above or if the addressee specifies another address or email, in writing, then to that address or email.

## XIV. COUNTER PARTS

This MoU shall be executed in two counterparts. Both Parties shall each have one counterpart of this MoU. Both counterparts shall constitute one and the same MoU.

In witness whereof, the undersigned being duly authorized thereto, by their respective parties,

have signed this MoU.

Signed at NHAI, G-3, Sector 10, Dwarka, New Delhi on 8<sup>th</sup> June 2022 in two originals text in English language.

Signature .....

Signed by: Udeep K Singhal General Manager (Tech.) & Regional Officer, Delhi

For and on behalf of; National Highway Authority of India

Signature.

Signed by: Rajesh Gupta Executive Director (Const.) PLHO, Noida

For and on bchalf of; Indian Oil Corporation Limited

Witnesses:

Signature ....

Signed by Many Kumar Member (P) NHAT

Signature .....

Signed by 55 Sawant Page 9 of 10 ED(operations) PLHO, Norda

## **Annexure** A



## PROPOSED RCC PORTAL STRUCTURE ACROSS IOCL'S ROU

#### Note:

- i. EGL- Existing Ground Level
- Clearance of minimum 1.5 meter to be kept from outside edges of Pipeline and OFC as shown above
- iii. In case of multiple pipelines in the same ROU, single portal or more than one portal as per site condition can be built with minimum distance of 1.5-meter from outside edges of Pipeline and OFC as shown above

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## LICENCE FEE & BG ESTIMATE

Name of the Work: Estimate towards License Fee for laying of 8.625" Natural Gas Pipeline along with Optical Fibre Cable for City Gas Distribution of Vizag along NH-16 between KM Stone 682 and 700 (From 682/980 km to 699/500 Km) and from Km 713.530 to 713.384 & also crossing at Km 713.384.through HDD methodology in visakhapatnam, Visakhapatnam District, Andhra Pradesh State.

Estimate -A Performace Bank Guarantee Amount Calculation			
Amount of performance Guarantee to be submitted : Length in Mtr Rs. 100/ met as per point No. 6 MORTH guide line vide letter No. RS/ NH/ 33044/29/2015/S&R(R), Dated. 22.11.2016.	16726 mt x Rs.100/met = 16,72,600/-	16,72,600/-	
Sixteen Lakh Seventy Two Thousand Six Hundred	d only/-		

For licence fee as per MoU between NHAI & IOCL dt:07.06.2022 11:13 AM point no 02.b.NHAI shall not levy any charges from IOCL and its agencies for laying new gas petroleum pipeline(s) along or across National Highways in National Highways Right of Way.

[P. Si

G.M (T) & Project Diretor